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APPLICATION NO).	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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FISH & RICHARDSON PC					TRAN, NGHI V	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/955,860	SRIDHAR ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Nghi V. Tran	2151				
The MAILING DATE of this communicat Period for Reply	ion appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ING DATE OF THIS COMMUN 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may ation. ry period will apply and will expire SIX (6) Min by statute, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed of 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 3)□ Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice of the second se	This action is non-final. allowance except for formal ma					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-13 and 15 is/are pending in the day of the above claim(s) 14 is/are with a 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-13 AND 15 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	drawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the E 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to n to the drawing(s) be held in abey e correction is required if the drawi	rance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO-Paper No(s)/Mail Date	-948) Paper N	w Summary (PTO-413) Io(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on March 06, 2006.

Claim 1 has been amended. Claim 14 has been withdrawn. Therefore, claims 1-13 and 15 are presented for further examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 1, 3, 5-9, 11-12 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hasegawa et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,878,029 (hereinafter Hasegawa).
- 4. With respect to claims 1, 9, 11, and 15, Hasegawa teaches a communication system for implementing an overall communication policy [fig.9] comprising:
 - a first interface for accepting a first plurality of separate communication links forming a first trunked communication link [item 60 of fig.24 i.e. route a = 10M];

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 a second communication interface for accepting a second plurality of separate communication links forming a second trunked communication link
 [item 61 of fig.24 i.e. route b = 10M]; and

- a plurality of processors [42-43 i.e. switches], each coupled to a
 corresponding different one of the first plurality of separate communication
 links and coupled to a corresponding different one of the second plurality of
 communication links, and coupled to one another over a communication
 channel [figs.24-26];
- wherein each processor in plurality of processor is configured to implement a separate communication policy for data passing between the first trunked communication link and a corresponding one of the second plurality of communication links such that together the separate communication policies (i.e. each of requested bandwidth as route a or b) approximate the overall communication policy (i.e. usable bandwidth) [col.18, ln.13 col.19, ln.62], and wherein the plurality of processors are further configured to communicate among one another to adjust the separate communication policies to adapt to data flows passing through the processors [col.4, lns.27-46 and fig.25 i.e. allow bandwidth increase].
- 5. With respect to claims 3 and 12, Hasegawa further teaches each processor in the plurality of processors has a copy of each communication policy (101 i.e. residual bandwidth table) in the communication system and communicates with the other

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processors in the plurality of processors to keep state information current for each such copy [figs.19-20].

- 6. With respect to claim 5, Hasegawa further teaches each processor in the plurality of processors mirrors state information (i.e. route a = 15M and route b = 10M on both route tables 62 and 63 indicating mirrors state) for reporting across the communication system [fig.19].
- 7. With respect to claim 6, Hasegawa further teaches each processor in the plurality of processors mirrors state information (i.e. route a = 15M and route b = 10M on both route tables 62 and 63 indicating mirrors state) for management across the communication system [fig.19].
- 8. With respect to claim 7, Hasegawa further teaches the overall communication policy is only implemented for traffic traveling from the first interface to the second communication interface [figs.19-21].
- 9. With respect to claim 8, Hasegawa further teaches the overall communication policy is implemented for traffic traveling between the first interface and the second communication interface in either direction [figs.19-21].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

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10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hasegawa et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,878,029 (hereinafter Hasegawa) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Howard, U.S. Patent No. 6,683,884 (hereinafter Howard).
- 12. With respect to claim 2, Hasegawa does not explicitly show adapting to data flows includes a first processor in the plurality of processors borrowing bandwidth from the second processor in the plurality of processors.

In a networking switching device, Howard discloses adapting to data flows includes a first processor in the plurality of processors borrowing bandwidth from the second processor in the plurality of processors [fig.2 and col.3, ln.8 - col.4, ln.24].

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Hasegawa in view of Howard by borrowing bandwidth from the second processor in the plurality of processor because this feature enables pre-selected classes to use more than their maximum bandwidth when there is bandwidth available [Howard, col.2, Ins.23-25]. It is for this reason that one of ordinary

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skill in the art at the time of the invention would have been motivated in order to limit the classes of traffic to a maximum bandwidth [Howard, col.2, Ins.21-23].

- 13. Claims 4, 10, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hasegawa et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,878,029 (hereinafter Hasegawa) as applied to claims 1, 9, and 11 above, and further in view of Raj et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,628,649 (hereinafter Raj).
- 14. With respect to claims 4, 10, and 13, Hasegawa does not explicitly show the plurality of processors is divided into a plurality of active processors and a plurality of standby processors, such that each processor in the plurality of active processors actively implements a communication policy on data, while a standby processor in the plurality of standby processors monitors the plurality of active processors for a failure of active processors, thus implementing the overall communication policy.

In a networking switching device, Raj discloses the plurality of processors is divided into a plurality of active processors (i.e. active switch components) and a plurality of standby processors (i.e. standby switch components) [col.4, Ins.6-39], such that each processor in the plurality of active processors actively implements a communication policy on data, while a standby processor in the plurality of standby processors monitors the plurality of active processors for a failure of active processors, thus implementing the overall communication policy [col.3, In.56 - col.4, In.38].

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify Hasegawa in view of Raj by implementing switch redundancy because this feature offers with high levels of redundancy to allow continued operation in the event of failure [Raj, col.3, Ins.60-62]. It is for this reason that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have been motivated in order to re-route data traffic in the event of network failures [Raj, col.3, In.59].

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Response to Arguments

15. Applicant's arguments filed March 06, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive because of the following: Hasegawa teaches a communication system for implementing an overall communication policy [fig.9] comprising: a first interface for accepting a first plurality of separate communication links forming a first trunked communication link [item 60 of fig.24 i.e. route a = 10M]; a second communication interface for accepting a second plurality of separate communication links forming a second trunked communication link [item 61 of fig.24 i.e. route b = 10M]; and a plurality of processors [42-43 i.e. switches], each coupled to a corresponding different one of the first plurality of separate communication links and coupled to a corresponding different one of the second plurality of communication links, and coupled to one another over a communication channel [figs.24-26]; wherein each processor in plurality of processor is configured to implement a separate communication policy for data passing between the first trunked communication link and a corresponding one of the second plurality of communication links such that together the separate

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communication policies (i.e. each of requested bandwidth as route a or b) approximate the overall communication policy (i.e. usable bandwidth) [col.18, ln.13 - col.19, ln.62], and wherein the plurality of processors are further configured to communicate among one another to adjust the separate communication policies to adapt to data flows passing through the processors [col.4, lns.27-46 and fig.25 i.e. allow bandwidth increase].

- 16. In response to applicant's argument that there is no notion of the separate communication policies approximate the overall communication policy. Examiner respectfully disagrees because Hasegawa does teach or suggest separating communication policies [i.e. each of requested bandwidth as route a or b] approximate the overall communication policy [col.18, ln.13 col.19, ln.62].
- 17. In response to applicant's argument that there is no disclosure or suggestion configured to communicate among one another to adjust the separate communication policies. Examiner respectfully disagrees because Hasegawa does teach or suggest configured to communicate among one another to adjust the separate communication policies [i.e. allow bandwidth increase, col.4, Ins.27-46 and step 22 of fig.25].
- 18. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642F. 2d 413, 208 USPQ

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871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F. 2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Applicant obviously attacks references individually without taking into consideration based on the teaching of combinations of references as show in the above.

19. Therefore, the examiner asserts that cited prior arts teach or suggest the subject matter broadly recited in independent claims. Claims 2-8, 10, and 12-13 are rejected at least by virtue of their dependency on independent claims and by other reasons set forth above. Accordingly, claims 1-13 and 15 are respectfully rejected as shown above.

Conclusion '

20. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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21. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Nghi V. Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-

4067. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Zarni Maung can be reached on (571) 272-3939. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Nghi V Tran Patent Examiner

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NT

Khanh Dinh Primary Examiner